



Feasibility of Developing the FATA Friendship Initiative (Role of the Gulf States)



Pakistan Federally Administered Tribal Areas (FATA)



Copyrights Gulf Research Center 2008



- Area: 27,220 sq.km
- Population: 3.96 million
- Terrain: mostly mountainous
- Climate: Harsh, arid, cold and dry
- Administrative divisions
- 7 Agencies
Bajaur, Kurram, Mohmand, Orakzai, Khyber, North & South Waziristan
- 6 Frontier Regions
FR Bannu, FR Kohat, FR Peshawar, FR Tank, FR D.I.Khan, FR Lakki



The 7 Agencies denoted in gold, all border Afghanistan except for Orakzai Agency.

The length of the border with Afghanistan is approx 400 km.

The Dark green areas are the Frontier Regions that fall under the Tribal Areas.





- Stability & Security on Pakistan's Western Front is of the highest priority.
- The FATA Region served as the launching zone for the Afghan mujahideen during the Soviet Occupation.
- Pakistan's Objectives in the war on terrorism
- To not allow its territories to be used by terrorists against the state or against other states.
- To stabilize Afghanistan
- To counter the problems of Extremism, Terrorism, Illicit Trafficking of Narcotics, Arms and other illegal trading.



- **Kurram Agency:** Shaheedano Dhand
Kharlachi
Terimengal
Burki
- **Bajaur Agency:** Nawa Pass
- **Khyber Agency:** Khyber Pass
- **Mohmand Agency:** Khapakh
- **North Waziristan:** Ghulam Khan
Lawara Boya Datta
- **South Waziristan:** Angoor Ada
Khan Narai
- Orakzai Agency (landlocked between other tribal areas in Pakistan, has no direct border with Afghanistan)
- Other important passes in the NWFP and Northern Areas are the Gomal Pass, the Khunjab Pass (on the border with China), the Lowari Pass (Chitral).



- Traditional code of ethics
- Nikat system
- Puktoonwali



Judicial System In Tribal Areas

- Judicial system distinct from the settled areas of Pakistan.
- Frontier Crimes Regulation (FCR) implemented since 1901 by successive governments after the creation of Pakistan.
- Abolishment of the FCR.
- The jurisdiction of The Supreme Court or the High Court cannot be exercised under the Constitution to the Tribal areas unless the President by law otherwise provides.
- Traditional *Jirga* system.
- The role of the Political Agent



- Total No. of Troops deployed on the Pakistan-Afghanistan border at present: 100,000
- These include 2 division size forces employed in North and South Waziristan.

Military Operations in FATA in 2007-2008

- Surgical strikes (Army/PAF): 38
- Ground Operations: 25
- Miscreants Killed: 930 of which 508 were foreigners.



- Levies
- Total strength of Federal Levies in FATA is 6785.
- Khassadars
- Total strength of Khassadars working in NWFP & FATA is 17597



Agency/FR wise Sanctioned Strength of Khassadars and Levies

Agency/FR	Khassadars	Levies	Total
Bajaur	484	1524	2008
Mohmand	2764	1500	3264
Khyber	2834	500	3334
Kurram	877	1074	1951
Orakzai	956	1387	2343
South Waziristan	3689	900	4589
North Waziristan	3703	900	4603
Kohat	405	-	405
Bannu	776	-	776
D.I.Khan	297	-	297
Lakki	199	-	199
Tank	506	-	506
Peshawar	107	-	107
Total	17597	6785	24382



Prominent Non-state actors/militants in the Tribal Areas

- The Purist Jihadists
- Tehreek i Taliban Pakistan
- The Criminal element in jihadist garb
- The shadow group



Latest Developments

- Imposition of sharia government in Swat under a 16 point agreement with Mullah Fazlullah.
- Release secured for the Pakistan Ambassador to Afghanistan Tariq Azizuddin kidnapped by Taliban mujahideen in Khyber Agency
- Release of Sufi Mohammad, head of the TNSM by the NWFP government
- The status quo on the ongoing Peace Agreement with Baitullah Mehsud: Objectives, Viability and Sustainability of the agreement.
- The Option of Withdrawal of military forces from the FATA region.



Health Care

- Number of Hospitals: 33 (924 in Pakistan: FATA share is 3.57 %)
- Number of Dispensaries: 301(4712 in Pakistan, FATA share is 6.39%)
- Mother & Child Health Centers: 55 (906 in Pakistan, FATA share is 6.07%)
- Total number of Doctors: 540 (122798 in Pakistan, FATA share is 0.4%)
- Nurses:116 (57646 in Pakistan, FATA share is 0.20%)
- Female Health Visitors: 291 (8405 in Pakistan, FATA share is 3.46%)
- Total Hospital beds available (hospitals & dispensaries): 1654 (102073 in Pakistan, FATA share is 1.62%)
- Population per Bed: 2276 (1508 for Pakistan)
- Population per Doctor: 6970 (1254 for Pakistan)

Statistics are from the Year 2006 and shared with the GRC by the FATA Secretariat



Education Sector

- Literacy: 17.42% (1998 Census)
 - Female Literacy: **3 %**
 - Male Literacy: **29.51%**
- Educational Institutions:
 - **Primary Schools:** 4327 (157600 for Pakistan, FATA share at 2.75% of Pakistan)
Male: 2582: Female:1745
 - **Middle Schools:** 402 (39400 for Pakistan, FATA share at 1.02%)
Male:280, Female:122
 - **High Schools:** 244 (Male:215, Female:29)(22900 for Pakistan, FATA share at 1.07%)
 - **Inter & Degree Colleges:33** (Male:22, Female:11) (1208 for Pakistan, FATA share at 2.73%)



- **Total Number of Madrasahs in Pakistan:**
- Madrasah Union (MU) estimate: 13,000
- Total No of students: 1.5-1.7 million
- Govt. of Pakistan estimate: 11,221
- Registered madrasahs (Intelligence estimates): 14,000
- Unofficial estimates; 20,000

- **Number of Madrasahs in Tribal Areas**
- Total No. of madrasahs: 365
- Total number registered with Education Department: 313



Agricultural Farms in FATA

Total Farms: 260 (5.12% share)
Government Farms: 0.02 (10.00% share)
Private Farms: 260 (5.12% share)

Total Farms In Pakistan: 5075.7

These figures are year 2000 estimate
FATA Secretariat

Land Utilization

Geographical area: 2.72 Million Hectares
(3.42% share)
Cultivated Area: 0.20(0.90% share)
Uncultivated Area : 2.52 (6.63% share)
Forest Area : 0.05(1.25 %share)
Irrigated Area : 0.08 (0.42 %FATA share)
Total Cropped Area : 0.24(1.07% share)

These figures are Year 2004-05 statistics
FATA Secretariat



Production of Major Crops in FATA

(2004-05 estimates in tonnes)

Wheat: 142.46 (0.66%)

Rice: 16.45 (0.33%)

Jowar(Corn): 0.38(0.20 %)

Maize: 74.25 (2.65%)

Sugar Cane: 53.46 (0.11%)

Barley: 15.58 (16.99%)

Gram: 0.91 (0.10 %)

Rape seeds & Mustard: 2.13(0.99%)

Fertilizer/off Take: 24.39(0.66%)

Live Stock Estimates for FATA Region

(in millions)

Cattle: 1 (4.90%)

Buffaloes: 0.1 (0.49%)

Sheep: 1.4 (5.96 %)

Goats: 2.2 (5.34%)

Veterinary Hospitals, dispensaries & Centers in 2006-07

Hospitals: 24

Dispensary: 208

Center: 315

Total; 517



Pakistan Rail and Road Infrastructure

Pakistan Railways Network



Pakistan Roads Network





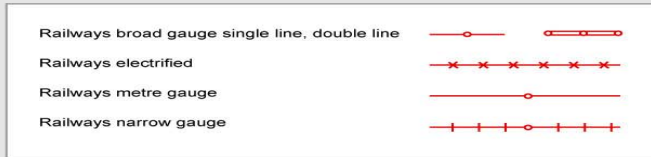
Pakistan Road Infrastructure: Focus on Tribal Areas



Copyrights Gulf Research Center 2008



Pakistan Railways



Copyrights Gulf Research Center 2008



Agency/FR Wise Road Kilometers in FATA for 2006-2007

Agency/FR	High Type	Low Type	Total
FATA	3663.165	2147.236	5810.401
Bajaur	392.532	327.180	719.712
Khyber	510.140	169.180	679.320
Kurram	467.350	300.250	767.600
Mohmand	343.799	111.026	454.825
N.Waziristan	498.214	229.560	727.774
S.Waziristan	473.570	419.260	892.830
Orakzai	327.740	378.140	705.880
F.R.Bannu	192.250	55.500	247.750
F.R.D.I.Khan	90.500	47.690	138.190
F.R.Kohat	131.380	6.500	137.880
F.R.Lakki	43.300	18.700	62.000
F.R.Peshawar	75.620	14.000	89.620
F.R.Tank	116.770	70.250	187.020



Industrial Units & Employment for FATA 2005-2006

Agency/FR	Industrial Units	Industrial Employees
FATA	193	3800
Bajaur	15	200
Khyber	106	2300
Kurram	18	150
Mohmand	38	1000
N.Waziristan	5	35
S.Waziristan	3	15
Orakzai	8	100
F.R.Bannu	-	-
F.R.D.I.Khan	-	-
F.R.Kohat	-	-
F.R.Lakki	-	-
F.R.Peshawar	-	-
F.R.Tank	-	-



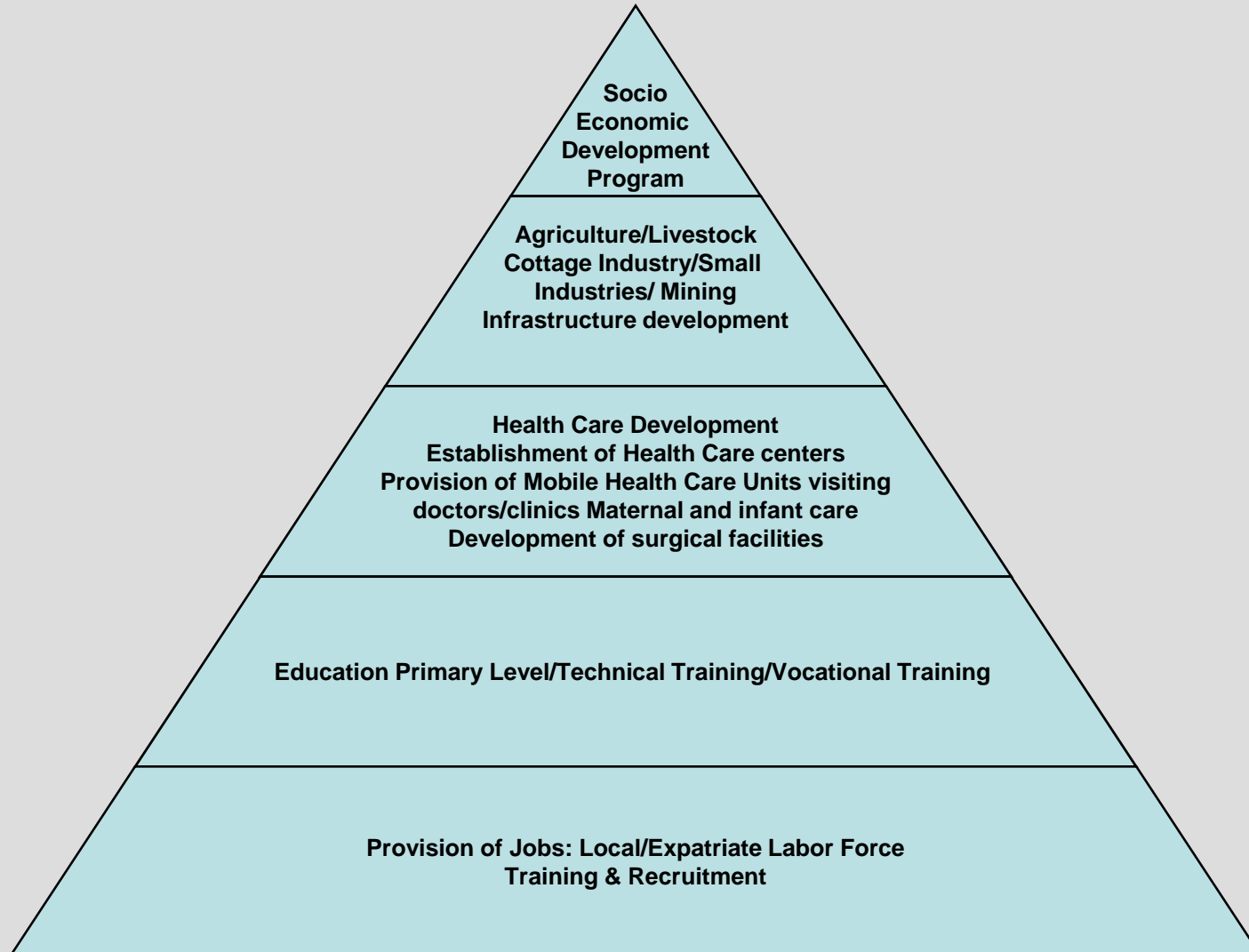
- A comprehensive life improvement and regional development plan encompassing training and provision of jobs and developing employment opportunities.
- Education
- Health
- Agriculture
- Trade infrastructure development.

It is vital to project the role of the GCC States.

- Firstly It would counter the widespread hostility in the area towards western aid
- Secondly it would fail attempts by miscreants among the local militant groups and the Taliban to sabotage such programs.
- The most significant aspect in generation of employment opportunities is the export of labor force from the area to the GCC States.



Socio-Economic Development Pyramid





Recommendations for increasing FATA Representation (Gulf Labor Market)

- **Employment Opportunities:** Creation of Jobs in Local Market as well as for exporting manpower to the Gulf states.
- **Field Training in remote Areas.**
- **Skill Development in a community system.**
- **Use of existing training centers in Pakistan and development of new ones.**
- **A mutually beneficial relationship for Pakistan and the Gulf States.**
- **Political-Security concerns for Pakistan and the Gulf States in context of recruitment of people from FATA**
- **Suggested measures**



“Transport” Infrastructure

- Development of Roads and trade opportunities.

Agriculture Sector

- Developing water supply resources to counter the scarcity of water supplies;
- Land reclamation and Forestation.
- Tunnel farming of off season vegetables and fruits
- Development of Livestock farming.

Energy Sector

- Electricity needed for Village electrification and for agricultural sector
- Solar Energy
- Coal Deposits



Pakistanis Leaving to Work in GCC and the Rest of the World during 2006

GCC	174,000
UAE	100,000
Saudi Arabia	46,000
Oman	13,000
Kuwait	11,000
Qatar	2,000
Bahrain	2,000
Europe & North America	70,000
East Asia	6,500
Malaysia	5,000
Korea	1,000
China	500

Source: Compiled by Gallup Pakistan from Bureau of Emigration (*Government of Pakistan*) data



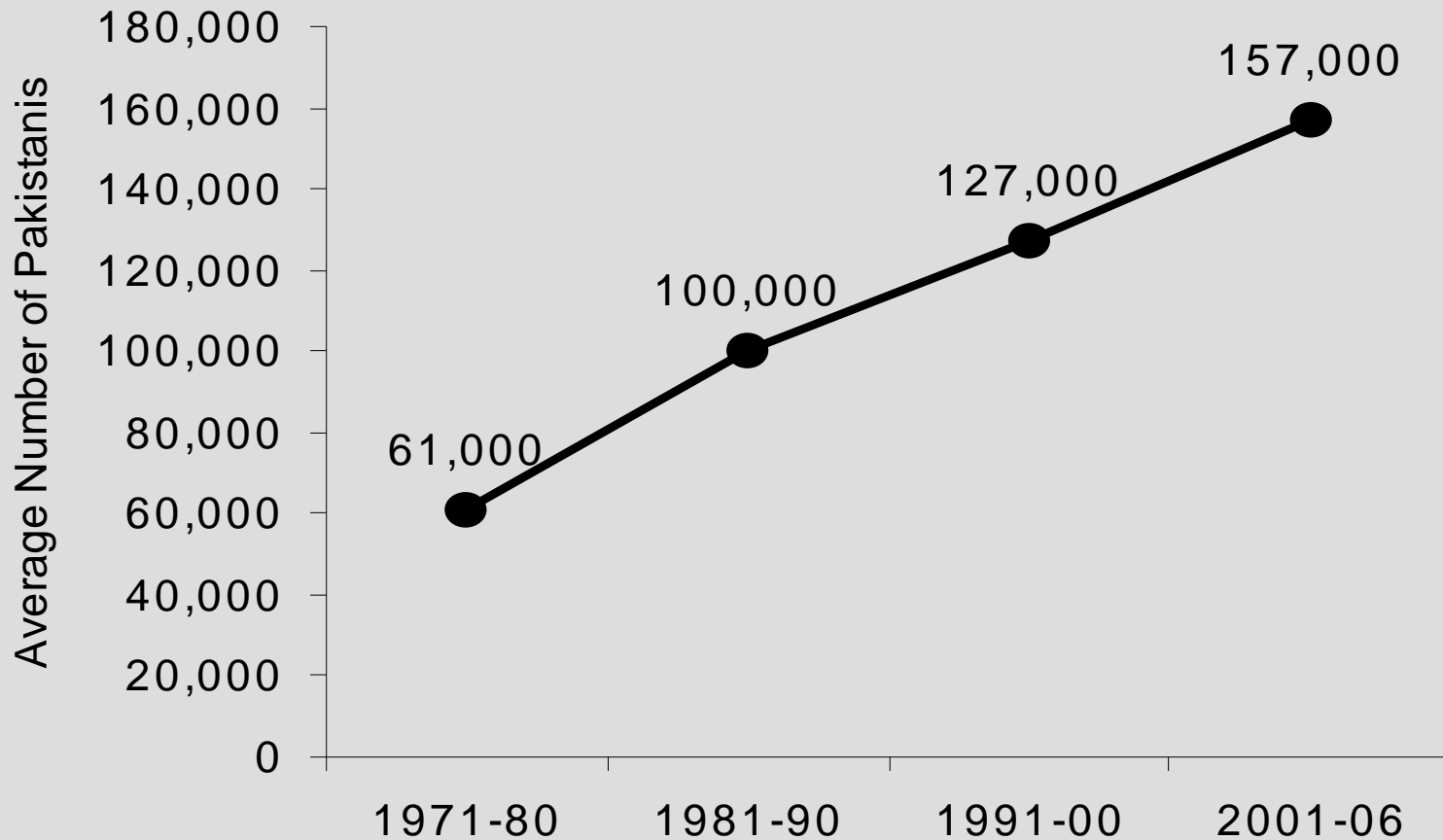
Number of Pakistani Workers Leaving for GCC Countries (1970-2006)

	All GCC	Saudi Arabia	UAE	Oman	Kuwait	Qatar	Bahrain
Total 1971 - 2006	2,709,890	1,648,279	626,705	212,131	106,307	65,987	50,481
Annual Average 1971 - 2000	90,330	54,943	20,890	7,071	3,544	2,200	1,683
Work force Outflow During							
2001	122,731	97,262	18,421	3,802	440	1,173	1,633
2002	143,697	104,783	34,113	95	3,204	1,022	480
2003	207,900	126,397	61,329	6,911	12,087	809	367
2004	167,400	70,896	65,786	8,982	18,498	855	2,383
2005	127,810	35,177	73,642	8,019	7,185	1,612	2,175
2006	172,837	45,594	100,207	12,614	10,545	1,630	2,247

Source: Compiled by Gallup Pakistan from Bureau of Emigration (*Government of Pakistan*) data



Annual Number of Pakistani Labor leaving to enter GCC





(Tribal Areas & NWFP)

Provincial Representation in Total Pool of Labor Force		
Province	Number	% in Total Pool (Labor Force)
Punjab	1,676,000	52%
Sindh	315,000	10%
NWFP	825,000	25%
Balochistan	41,000	1.3%
Tribal and Northern Areas (NWFP)	178,000	6%
Kashmir (AJK)	211,000	6%



Number of Pakistani Workers Leaving by Region (1971-2006)

Year	GCC		United States		Europe		Others		Total	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
1971-2000	2,709,890	94%	802	0.028%	2,571	0.089%	168,754	5.855%	2,882,017	100%
2001	122,731	96%	788	0.616%	2,036	1.592%	2,374	1.856%	127,929	100%
2002	143,697	97%	310	0.210%	1,181	0.801%	2,234	1.515%	147,422	100%
2003	207,900	-	140	0.065%	1,265	0.591%	4,734	2.212%	214,039	100%
2004	167,400	96%	130	0.075%	2,320	1.335%	3,974	2.286%	173,824	100%
2005	127,810	90%	238	0.167%	2,533	1.782%	11,554	8.129%	142,135	100%
2006	172,837	94%	202	0.110%	2,517	1.374%	7,635	4.168%	183,191	100%



Number of Pakistani Workers Leaving from NWFP (1981-2006)

Province/Division	1981 - 2000			2001		2002		2003		2004		2005		2006		Total	
	#	Yearly Avg.	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total	552962	27648.1	24.44	42521	33.53	42521	33.53	59604	28.00	42946	24.89	35106	24.88	44789	24.65	824743	25.42
Malakand	197496	9874.8	8.73	20577	16.23	20577	16.23	30202	14.19	14803	8.58	11130	7.89	13747	7.57	312305	9.62
Hazara	79821	3991.05	3.53	6407	5.05	6407	5.05	6940	3.26	6755	3.92	5037	3.57	6443	3.55	116515	3.59
Peshawar	83724	4186.2	3.70	5614	4.43	5614	4.43	6949	3.26	6597	3.82	5817	4.12	7337	4.04	122652	3.78
Kohat	62200	3110	2.75	2447	1.93	2447	1.93	4116	1.93	3664	2.12	4046	2.87	5108	2.81	84364	2.60
Bannu	37506	1875.3	1.66	1929	1.52	1929	1.52	2317	1.09	2792	1.62	2075	1.47	2544	1.40	51231	1.58
Dera Ismail Khan	21072	1053.6	0.93	1087	0.86	1087	0.86	1135	0.53	1326	0.77	1015	0.72	1061	0.58	27553	0.85
Mardan	71143	3557.15	3.14	4460	3.52	4460	3.52	7945	3.73	7009	4.06	5986	4.24	8549	4.71	110123	3.39
Tribal / N. Areas	132299	6614.95	5.85	6382	5.03	6382	5.03	7153	4.87	10137	4.76	7632	4.42	5758	4.08	8022	4.42

Source: Compiled by Gallup Pakistan from Bureau of Emigration (*Government of Pakistan*) data



Yearly Remittances in USD (Million)	
1997	1,409
1998	1,490
1999	1,060
2000	984
2001	1,087
2002	2,389
2003	4,237
2004	3,872
2005	4,169
2006	4,600
2007 (Till April)	4,450

Source: State Bank of Pakistan



Remittances Received by Pakistan (from different parts of the world)

Remittances in USD (Million)	
North America	1,324
Europe	1,200
GCC	2,000
Rest of the World	76
Total	4,600

Source: Compiled by Gallup Pakistan from State Bank of Pakistan data



**GCC Remittances
July 2007 - Jan 2008**

**Saudi Arabia
\$663.73 million**

**UAE
\$593.57 million**

**GCC
Bahrain, Oman
Qatar, Kuwait
\$539.88 million**



Thank You